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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		
10/729,681	12/05/2003	Roy E. Moore JR.	INI-0031-D2		
23413	7590 12/12/2005		EXAMINER		
CANTOR COLBURN, LLP 55 GRIFFIN ROAD SOUTH			CHEN, JOSE V		
	LD, CT 06002		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
			. 3637		
			DATE MAILED: 12/12/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

	Application No.	:	Applicant(s)				
	10/729,681		MOORE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
<u> </u>	José V. Chen		3637				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the c	orrespondence address	•			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING C - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mile, cause the application to become	NICATION a reply be tim ONTHS from ABANDONE	I. ely filed the mailing date of this communic (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	:						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 L	December 2003.	:					
	s action is non-final.	:					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal ma	atters, pro	secution as to the merit	s is			
closed in accordance with the practice under							
Disposition of Claims	:	:					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application	n.	:					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	:	:					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.		:					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.	•					
Application Papers							
		•					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		. •					
			(4) == (6)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) All b) Some * c) None of:	ii pilotity under 35 U.S.C	. 9 119(a)	-(u) or (i).				
· — _ · -	sta hava baan raasiyad	:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documen2. Certified copies of the priority documen	•	A policeti	on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	en receive	d in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea		at radalua	al .				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
<u>i</u>	:						
i :	;	:					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/5,1/5,11/4,12/3, 8/4.	s) 5) ☐ Notice o 6) ☐ Other: _		atent Application (PTO-152)				
. aper 110(s)/11an sate 10/s, 1/s, 1/11as) 5/7.		•					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 5, 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wharton. The patent to Wharton teaches structure as claimed including collapsible pallet, comprising an upper deck (22), a foot member disposed on the upper deck, the foot member comprising a first foot half disposed on the upper deck, the first foot half having a pin disposed thereon, and a second foot half, the second foot half having a hole disposed therein for receiving the pin, and a lower deck (24) comprising the second foot half, the pin is slidably disposed in the hole.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

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2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wharton. The patent to Wharton teaches structure substantially as claimed including deck members the only difference being the specific weight per area percentage. However, the use of different degrees of weight per area percentages are matters of desirability and choice and materials used which would have been and well within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention since such results are matters of materials and engineering mechanic, thereby providing structure as claimed.

Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wharton as applied to the claims above, and further in view of Francis. The patent to Wharton teaches structure substantially as claimed as discussed above including connecting pin structure, the only difference being that the hole is not a keyhole slot type structure. However, the patent to Francis teaches the use of providing keyhole slot and pin structure for connection to be old. It would have been obvious and well within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the structure of Wharton to include a keyhole slot connecting structure as taught by Francis since such structures are conventional alternative structures used in the same intended purpose, thereby providing structure as claimed.

Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wharton as applied to the claims above, and further in view of Daley. The patent to Wharton teaches structure substantially as claimed as discussed above including a foot

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structure, the only difference being that there is no foam insert to strengthen the foot. However, the patent to Daley teaches the use of providing foam to be old. It would have been obvious and well within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the structure of Wharton to include foam inserts as taught by Daley to provide increased strength since such structures are conventional alternative structures used in the same intended purpose, thereby providing structure as claimed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The patents to Delany, Brown, Durand, Barber, Young teach structure similar to applicant's.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José V. Chen whose telephone number is (571)272-6865. The examiner can normally be reached on m-f,m-th 5:30am-3:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on (571)272-6867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

José V. Chen Primary Examiner

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Chen/jvc 12-05-05